

# **Community Profile**

2012

Research & Planning Glendale Community College 1500 North Verdugo Road Glendale, California 91208 818.240.1000x5392 http://research.glendale.edu

#### Introduction

The Community Profile presents information about Glendale Community College's service area in order to help college stakeholders make informed decisions and plan effectively. This report looks at trends in three subject areas: population and demographics, employment and labor marker information, and K-12 education trends. The Community Profile serves as a companion piece to the Campus Profile, which presents facts about Glendale Community College students and is published annually by Research & Planning. In previous years, the Community Profile was the first part of the Campus Profile, but in 2008 it was separated into a new, expanded report.

The official boundaries of the Glendale Community District include the city of Glendale and a small unincorporated section of Los Angeles County northeast of the city boundaries. The district covers 37.8 square miles, making it the smallest community college district in California in terms of square mileage.

Approximately 55% of credit students and 26% of noncredit students reside outside the Glendale Community College District. This report includes information about the larger service area as well as the city of Glendale.

Section 1 describes the population and demographics of GCC's service area. It includes population trends, projections, demographic information, and socioeconomic information.

Section 2 describes employment and labor market information, including unemployment rates and employment by industry.

Section 3 describes K-12 education trends in the local unified school districts. It includes enrollment data, projections of enrollments and high school graduation, and performance on the California High School Exit Examination.

## **Section 1. Population and Demographics**

Section 1 describes Glendale Community College's service area at the city and county level, with comparisons to state and national totals.

#### 1.1 Population Trends

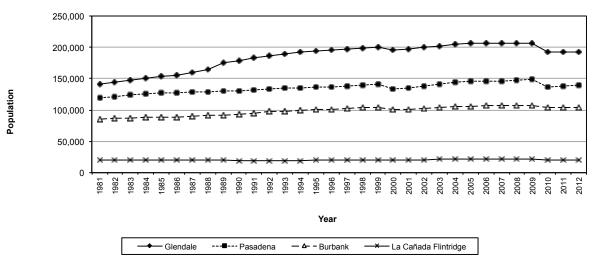
While California's population decreased by less than 1% from 2008 to 2012, Glendale's population declined by 6% in the same time period. Glendale's population is almost 40% higher than Pasadena's, and nearly twice as high as Burbank's.

Figure 1.1. Population Estimates, 2007-2011

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	Change 2008 to 2012
General Population Tren	ids					•
United States	304,374,846	307,006,550	309,688,675	311,806,191	313,974,128	+3.2%
California	37,871,509	38,255,508	37,223,900	37,427,946	37,678,563	-0.5%
L.A. County	10,285,296	10,355,053	9,822,121	9,847,712	9,884,632	-3.9%
Population Trends in GC	C Service Are	а				
Glendale	205,651	206,540	191,823	192,271	192,654	-6.3%
Pasadena	147,062	149,640	136,769	138,768	139,222	-5.3%
Burbank	107,240	107,682	103,396	104,193	104,427	-2.6%
La Cañada Flintridge	21,121	21,139	20,261	20,279	20,335	-3.7%

Data Source: U.S. Census, California Department of Finance

Figure 1.2. Population Estimates, 1981-2012



The graph below shows components of population change in Los Angeles County. "Natural increase" is the number of births minus the number of deaths; this has remained relatively steady over the past seven years, with births outnumbering deaths by nearly 100,000 every year. "International immigration" is the net number of people entering the county from other countries (the number entering minus the number leaving to other countries); this has declined from adding about 95,000 people every year to adding between 40,000 and 80,000 per year. "Domestic migration" is the net number of people entering the county from other parts of the United States (the number entering minus the number leaving). Domestic migration has been negative for many years, and the rate of losing people increased sharply between 2001 and 2007. Approximately 80,000 more people move from Los Angeles County to other parts of the United States than move from other parts of the United States to Los Angeles County.

+200,000 +150.000 Change in Population +100,000 +50.000 0 -50,000 -100,000 -150.000 2000 to 2001 to 2002 to 2003 to 2004 to 2005 to 2006 to 2007 to 2008 to 2009 to 2010 to 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 Year - Natural Increase ---O--- International Immigration ▲ - Domestic Migration Total Change in Population

Figure 1.3. Components of Population Change in Los Angeles County, 2000-2011

Data Source: California Department of Finance

From 2010 to 2020, California's population is projected to increase by 10%. The population of Los Angeles County is projected to increase by a smaller amount, 7%. Future growth is expected to follow a similar pattern, with California projected to grow approximately 9% per decade through 2050 and Los Angeles County projected to grow approximately 5% per decade through 2050. Figure 1.4, on the next page, shows population projections from 2000 to 2050.

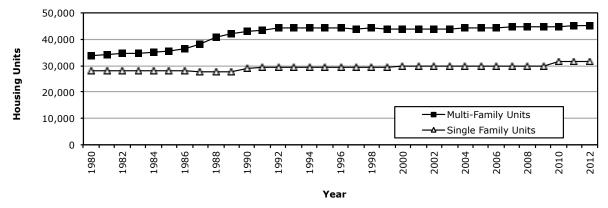
Figure 1.4. Population Projections by Decade, 2000-2050

	2000	2010	2020	2030	2040	2050
United States	282,125,000	310,233,000	341,387,000	373,504,000	405,655,000	439,010,000
California	34,000,835	37,312,510	40,817,839	44,574,756	47,983,659	51,013,984
L.A. County	9,543,983	9,825,496	10,500,679	11,138,280	11,451,688	11,567,914
	2000 to 2010	2010 to 2020	2020 to 2030	2030 to 2040	2040 to 2050	
United States	+10%	+10%	+9%	+9%	+8%	
California	+10%	+9%	+9%	+8%	+6%	
L.A. County	+3%	+7%	+6%	+3%	+1%	

Data Source: U.S. Census, California Department of Finance

In the late 1980's, housing in Glendale changed qualitatively. The number of multifamily housing units increased by 22%, while the number of single family housing units increased by only 4%. After 1990, the number of housing units in each category remained relatively steady.

Figure 1.5. Housing Units Available in Glendale, 1980-2012



#### 1.2. Diversity

The graph below shows changes in ethnicity in Los Angeles County from 2000 to 2008, the most recent year for which estimates are available. Hispanics make up approximately 48% of the county population; non-Hispanic Whites make up 27% of the population.

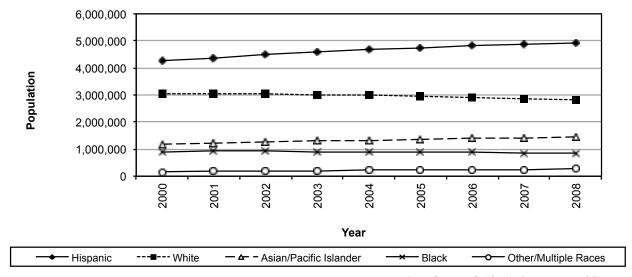


Figure 1.6. Los Angeles County Population by Ethnicity, 2000-2008

Data Source: California Department of Finance

According to state projections, both the number and percentage of Hispanic residents of California will increase dramatically through 2050. The following graph shows projected California population by ethnicity from 2000 through 2050. Hispanics are projected to make up 49% of the state's population in 2040 and 52% in 2050. The number of Asians and Pacific Islanders is projected to more than double from 2000 to 2050, while the number of Whites is projected to decline by about 3%.

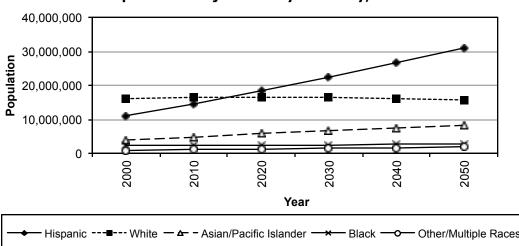


Figure 1.7. California Population Projections by Ethnicity, 2000-2050

Projections show the Hispanic population of Los Angeles County growing more quickly than the state average. Hispanics are projected to make up 53% of Los Angeles County by 2020. The number of Whites is projected to decline by about 14% between 2000 and 2020, and 48% between 2000 and 2050.

10,000,000 000,000,8 Population 6,000,000 4,000,000 2,000,000 0 2000 2010 2020 2030 2040 2050 Year ---- White - Hispanic ← - Asian/Pacific Islander × Black Other/Multiple Races

Figure 1.8. Los Angeles County Population Projections by Ethnicity, 2000-2050

Data Source: California Department of Finance

The table below shows the ethnic distribution of Glendale, Pasadena, and Burbank in 2010, according to the U.S. Census American Community Survey. Note that Glendale's diversity is camouflaged as at least one-third of the Caucasian population of Glendale consists of immigrant Armenians.

Figure 1.9. Glendale, Burbank, and Pasadena Ethnicity, 2010

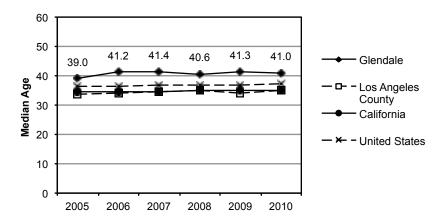
	White, Non-			Asian/Pacific	Other/Multiple
	Hispanic	Hispanic	Black	Islander	Races
Number of	Residents				
Glendale	117,929	33,414	2,325	31,178	6,873
Pasadena	53,135	46,174	13,912	19,399	4,502
Burbank	60,265	25,310	2,443	11,829	3,493
Percentage	of Residents				
Glendale	62%	17%	1%	16%	4%
Pasadena	39%	34%	10%	14%	3%
Burbank	58%	24%	2%	11%	3%

Data Source: U.S. Census American Community Survey 2010

The table and graph below show median age for Glendale, Los Angeles County, California, and the United States. Median age is the value for which half the population is younger and half is older. As the figures show, the median age of Glendale residents is older than that of residents of Los Angeles County, California, and the United States as a whole.

Figure 1.10. Median Age

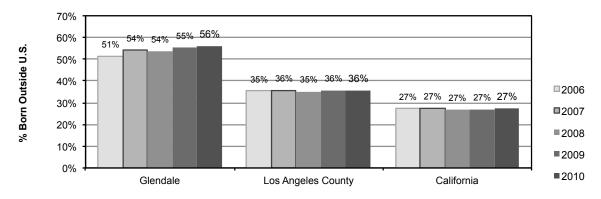
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Glendale	41.2	41.4	40.6	41.3	41.0
Los Angeles County	33.9	34.5	34.8	34.2	34.8
California	34.4	34.7	34.9	34.9	35.2
United States	36.4	36.7	36.9	36.8	37.2



Data Source: U.S. Census American Community Survey 2006-2010

The next graph shows the percentage of residents of Glendale, Los Angeles County, and California who were born outside the United States, according to the U.S. Census American Community Survey. Over half of Glendale's total population was born outside the U.S., compared to 36% in Los Angeles County and 27% in California as a whole.

Figure 1.11. Percentage of Residents Born Outside the United States



Data Source: U.S. Census American Community Survey 2006-2010

The graph below shows the percentage of residents over 5 years of age who speak a language other than English in the home. The percentage of residents speaking English only is smaller in Glendale than in Los Angeles County or California, as is the percentage speaking Spanish. The percentage speaking other languages (including Armenian and Farsi) is much higher in Glendale than in Los Angeles County or California as a whole. Note that the Asian languages category includes the languages of the Philippines.

100% % of Residents Speaking Language in Home 90% 30% 80% 43% 56% 70% 13.7% English 60% Spanish 50% 12.2% ☑ Asian Languages 40% ☐ Other Languages 30% 28.9% 44.3% 20% 11.0% 10% 9.6% 6.4% 0% Glendale Los Angeles County California

Figure 1.12. Percentage of Residents by Language Spoken in the Home, 2010

Data Source: U.S. Census American Community Survey 2010 (1-year estimate)

The next graph shows the educational attainment of residents of Glendale, Los Angeles County, and California. Among residents age 25 and over, Glendale has a higher percentage of residents with a bachelor's degree or higher than Los Angeles County or California as a whole.

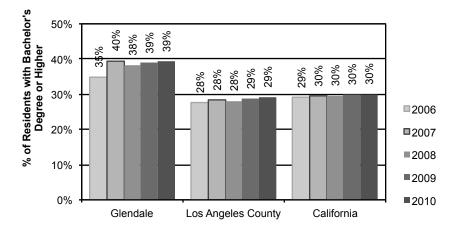


Figure 1.13. Percentage of Residents with Bachelor's Degree or Higher

Data Source: U.S. Census American Community Survey 2006-2010

#### 1.3. Socioeconomic Information

The following graph shows median household income for Glendale, Los Angeles County, California, and the United States, according to the U.S. Census American Community Survey. The median income in Glendale is below the median income in Los Angeles County, and it is about \$6,000 lower than the median income in California, a difference of about 10%.

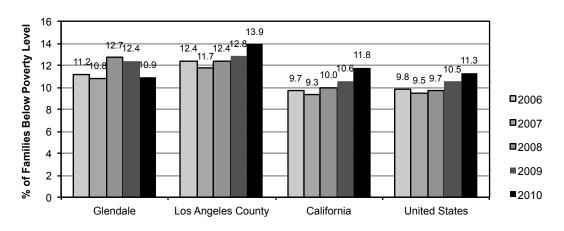
\$70,000 \$59,9 \$61,0 \$58,9 556,0 \$60,000 Median Annual Income 2005 \$50,000 2006 \$40,000 ■2007 \$30,000 ■2008 \$20,000 **2009** \$10,000 **2010** \$0 Glendale Los Angeles California **United States** County

Figure 1.14. Median Household Income

Data Source: U.S. Census American Community Survey 2005-2010

The next graph shows the percentage of families in Glendale, Los Angeles County, California, and the United States whose income in the previous 12 months was below the poverty level. The percentage for Glendale increased from 7.3% to 12.4% between 2005 and 2009.





Data Source: U.S. Census American Community Survey 2006-2010

## **Section 2. Employment and Labor Market Information**

#### 2.1. Employment and Unemployment

This section reports the civilian labor force, number employed, number unemployed, and unemployment rate for Los Angeles County and for GCC's service area. The rates reported are annual averages and are not seasonally adjusted.

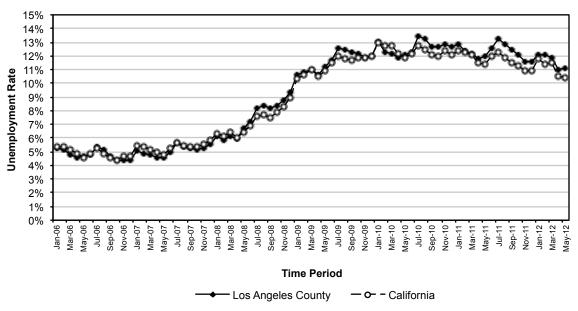
Figure 2.1. Los Angeles County Employment and Unemployment, 2005-2010

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Civilian Labor Force	4,844,500	4,912,600	4,924,500	4,896,100	4,910,500	4,924,400
Employed	4,613,200	4,662,700	4,557,300	4,328,600	4,291,400	4,318,900
Unemployed	231,300	249,900	367,200	567,500	619,100	605,500
Unemployment Rate	4.8	5.1	7.5	11.6	12.6	12.3

Data Source: California Employment Development Department

The graph below shows the monthly unemployment rate in Los Angeles County and statewide. The rates are not seasonally adjusted. They show an increasing trend since late 2006, with a relatively sharp increase beginning in mid-2008 and a relatively stable, high unemployment rate through early 2012.

Figure 2.2. Monthly Unemployment Rate in Los Angeles County and Statewide, 2006-2012



The table below shows labor force and unemployment statistics for the Verdugo Consortium (Glendale, Burbank, and La Cañada Flintridge), as well as the city of Glendale. Unemployment rate is annual and is not seasonally adjusted. The next table shows annual unemployment rate trends for area cities, and the graph shows 2011 unemployment rates.

Figure 2.3. Verdugo Consortium and Glendale Employment and Unemployment, 2006-2011

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Verdugo Consortium						
Civilian Labor Force	174,900	177,300	177,000	174,500	174,700	175,300
Employed	168,200	170,000	166,200	157,900	156,500	157,500
Unemployed	6,800	7,300	10,800	16,700	18,200	17,800
Unemployment Rate	3.9	4.1	6.1	10	10.4	10.1
Glendale						
Civilian Labor Force	104,100	105,500	105,400	104,200	104,300	104,700
Employed	99,800	100,900	98,600	93,700	92,800	93,400
Unemployed	4,300	4,600	6,800	10,500	11,500	11,200
Unemployment Rate	4.1	4.4	6.5	10.1	11.0	10.7

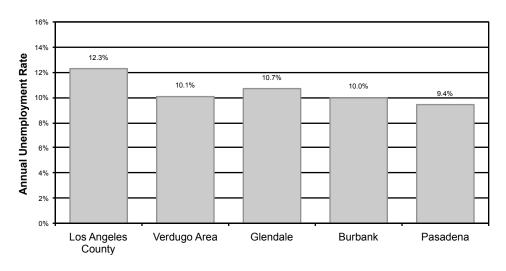
Data Source: California Employment Development Department

Figure 2.4. Annual Unemployment Rates for Area Cities, 2006-2011

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Glendale	4.1%	4.4%	6.5%	10.1%	11.0%	10.7%
Burbank	3.8%	4.1%	6.0%	9.4%	10.3%	10.0%
Pasadena	3.6%	3.8%	5.6%	8.9%	9.7%	9.4%
La Cañada Flintridge	1.7%	1.8%	2.7%	4.5%	4.9%	4.8%
La Crescenta/Montrose	2.1%	2.2%	3.6%	5.7%	6.3%	6.1%

Data Source: California Employment Development Department

Figure 2.5. Unemployment Rates, 2011



#### 2.2. Employment by Industry and Occupation

The following table shows employment by industry in Los Angeles County in 2010 and 2011, sorted in decreasing order of number of jobs.

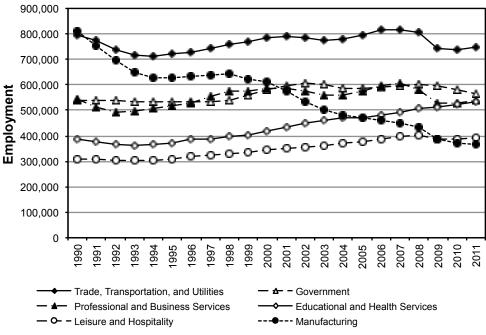
Figure 2.6. Employment by Industry in Los Angeles County, 2010-2011

			Change in	Percent
Industry	2010	2011	Jobs	Change
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	739,800	748,000	+8,200	+1.1%
Government	579,600	565,200	-14,400	-2.5%
Professional and Business Services	527,500	540,400	+12,900	+2.4%
Educational and Health Services	522,000	534,800	+12,800	+2.5%
Leisure and Hospitality	384,800	392,800	+8,000	+2.1%
Manufacturing	373,200	365,400	-7,800	-2.1%
Financial Activities	209,500	209,400	-100	-0.0%
Information	191,500	195,600	+4,100	+2.1%
Other Services	136,700	135,000	-1,700	-1.2%
Construction	104,500	103,500	-1,000	-1.0%
Farm	6,200	5,500	-700	-11.3%
Mining and Logging	4,100	4,000	-100	-2.4%

Data Source: California Employment Development Department

The graph below shows employment trends by industry for the top six industries in Los Angeles County. Employment in every industry except manufacturing increased from the early 1990s to the mid-2000s, but most industries have declined since 2008, reflecting the rise in unemployment.

Figure 2.7. Employment Trends by Industry in Los Angeles County, 1990-2011



The table below shows high-demand occupations requiring some postsecondary vocational education, generally a certificate or some coursework but not necessarily a two-year degree. The 10 occupations with the most projected new jobs in Los Angeles County between 2008 and 2018 are shown. (The latest projections available from the state of California are for 2008 to 2010.)

Figure 2.8. Top 10 Occupations with Most Projected New Jobs in Los Angeles County, 2008-2018: Occupations Requiring Postsecondary Vocational Education

			Average Annual	
Occupation	2008	2018	Change	Percent Change
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	20,060	25,860	+580	+28.9%
Medical Secretaries	21,360	26,310	+495	+23.2%
Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education	15,210	18,360	+315	+20.7%
Fitness Trainers and Aerobics Instructors	6,820	8,190	+138	+20.1%
Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics	17,900	19,090	+120	+6.6%
Health Technologists and Technicians, All Other	3,720	4,900	+118	+31.7%
Legal Secretaries	11,310	12,160	+84	+7.5%
Emergency Medical Technicians and Paramedics	2,580	3,400	+82	+31.8%
Surgical Technologists	2,620	3,340	+73	+27.5%
Gaming Dealers	3,630	4,110	+48	+13.2%

Data Source: California Employment Development Department

The next table shows high-demand occupations requiring associate degrees, based on state projections from 2008 to 2018.

Figure 2.9. Top 10 Occupations with Most Projected New Jobs in Los Angeles County, 2008-2018: Occupations Requiring AA Degree

			Average Annual	
Occupation	2008	2018	Change	Percent Change
Registered Nurses	61,760	79,960	+1,820	+29.5%
Paralegals and Legal Assistants	8,880	10,430	+155	+17.5%
Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technicians	4,940	6,110	+117	+23.7%
Computer Support Specialists	14,570	15,710	+115	+7.8%
Respiratory Therapists	3,600	4,740	+114	+31.7%
Computer Specialists, All Other	7,070	8,110	+104	+14.7%
Medical Records and Health Information				
Technicians	4,380	5,420	+104	+23.7%
Radiologic Technologists and Technicians	4,290	5,230	+93	+21.9%
Dental Hygienists	3,360	4,150	+79	+23.5%
Biological Technicians	1,820	2,290	+48	+25.8%

The next table shows high-demand occupations requiring bachelor's degrees. This table includes occupations requiring bachelor's degrees alone. The state Employment Development Department characterizes other occupations requiring a bachelor's degree or higher plus some work experience; these occupations are not included in this list.

Figure 2.10. Top 10 Occupations with Most Projected New Jobs in Los Angeles County, 2008-2018: Occupations Requiring Bachelor's Degree

Occupation	2008	2018	Average Annual Change	Percent Change
Elementary School Teachers, Except Special				_
Education	53,310	63,120	+981	+18.4%
Accountants and Auditors	41,050	47,920	+687	+16.7%
Teachers and Instructors, All Other	21,730	25,970	+424	+19.5%
Secondary School Teachers, Except Special and				
Vocational Education	36,530	40,700	+417	+11.4%
Business Operations Specialists, All Other	42,490	46,300	+380	+9.0%
Network Systems and Data Communications				
Analysts	7,640	11,210	+357	+46.7%
Computer Software Engineers, Applications	13,260	16,700	+344	+25.9%
Computer Software Engineers, Systems Software	13,120	16,480	+336	+25.6%
Employment, Recruitment, and Placement				
Specialists	5,410	7,160	+176	+32.3%
Middle School Teachers, Except Special and Vocational Education	9,550	11,220	+167	+17.5%

## **Section 3. K-12 Education Trends**

#### 3.1. Public School Enrollment

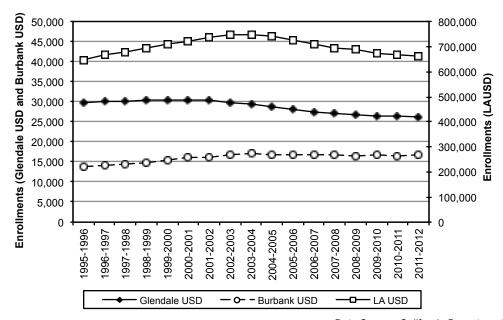
The table below shows enrollment trends in public K-12 schools from 2007-2008 through 2011-2012. Enrollment in public schools declined by 4% in Los Angeles County between 2007-2008 and 2011-2012.

Figure 3.1. Public School Enrollment, 2003-2009

	2007-2008	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	Change 07-08 to 11-12
Public School Enrollme		2000 2000	2000 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	<u>-</u>
California	6,275,469	6,252,031	6,190,425	6,217,002	6,214,204	-1%
L.A. County	1,648,102	1,632,191	1,574,150	1,589,390	1,574,538	-4%
					15 40	
	School Enrolls	nent Trends in	GCC Service	Area (All Grad	es K-12)	
Glendale Unified District	27,035	26,744	26,574	26,371	26,228	-3%
Burbank Unified District	16,640	16,577	16,733	16,623	16,670	+0%
L.A. Unified District	693,680	687,812	670,745	667,251	659,639	-5%
			I Enrollments		,	
Glendale High School	3,123	3,051	2,967	2,909	2,838	-9%
Hoover High School	2,278	2,128	2,097	2,040	1,947	-15%
Crescenta Valley High	2,994	2,996	3,004	2,904	2,906	-3%
Clark Magnet High	1,066	1,098	1,127	1,122	1,130	+6%
Daily High School	332	301	304	298	267	-20%
Burbank High School	2,666	2,733	2,785	2,730	2,786	+5%
Burroughs High School	2,750	2,739	2,775	2,770	2,732	-1%
		-		-		
Marshall High School	4,414	3,816	3,479	3,422	2,893	-34%
Eagle Rock High School	3,066	3,067	3,016	3,058	2,655	-13%
Verdugo Hills High	2,341	2,257	2,115	2,008	1,783	-24%
Los Angeles High	3,377	3,163	2,855	2,210	1,947	-42%
Belmont High School	4,205	1,468	1,340	1,249	1,212	-71%

Data Source: California Department of Education

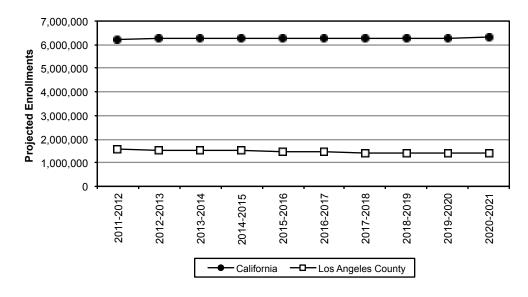
Figure 3.2. Public School Enrollments in Glendale, Burbank, and Los Angeles Unified Districts, 1995-1996 to 2011-2012



Data Source: California Department of Education

The following graph shows enrollment projections for California and for Los Angeles County from 2011-2012 to 2020-2021. California enrollments are projected to increase by 2% during this time period, while Los Angeles County public school enrollments are projected to decline by 11%. Note that Los Angeles County public school enrollments make up about 25% of all public school enrollments in California.

Figure 3.3. Public School Enrollment Projections for California and Los Angeles County, 2011-2021



## 3.2. High School Graduates

The table below shows the number of high school graduates for area feeder high schools.

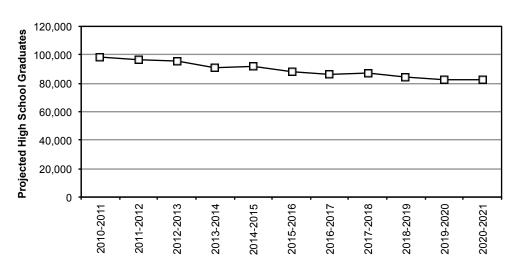
Figure 3.4. Public School Graduates by District and School, 2006-2011

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				2000 2010	2012 2011	Change 06-07 to
	2006-2007	2007-2008	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	10-11
Glendale Unified District	2,088	2,255	2,158	2,252	2,140	+8%
Burbank Unified District	1,333	1,444	1,498	1,507	1,494	+13%
L.A. Unified District	28,362	30,580	32,147	35,457	36,140	+25%
Glendale	591	678	652	670	648	+13%
Hoover	455	528	445	468	424	+3%
Crescenta Valley	673	668	678	728	669	+8%
Clark Magnet	239	221	240	250	245	+5%
Daily	84	107	107	114	110	+36%
Burbank	539	567	567	631	587	+17%
Burroughs	542	615	629	577	590	+6%
Marshall	755	781	758	734	667	-3%
Eagle Rock	409	430	451	483	502	+18%
Verdugo Hills	427	431	375	390	422	-9%
Los Angeles	551	543	459	478	415	-13%
Belmont	342	349	195	224	227	-35%

Data Source: California Department of Education

The following graph shows California Department of Finance projections of the number of high school graduates in Los Angeles County between 2010-2011 and 2020-2021. The number of graduates is projected to decrease by 15%.

Figure 3.5. Projected Number of High School Graduates in Los Angeles County, 2010-2021

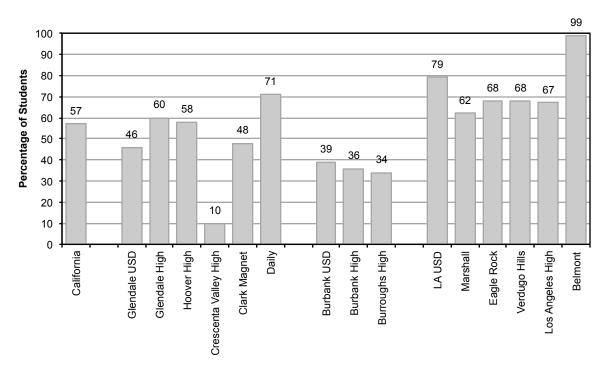


#### 3.3. Characteristics of Area School Districts and High Schools

The following graphs show characteristics of public school districts and high schools that feed into Glendale Community College. The characteristics reported here show differences in the socioeconomic statuses of students and families from different districts and schools.

The graph below shows the percentage of students participating in free or reduced-price lunch programs. The state average is 57%. Both the Glendale Unified School District and the Burbank Unified School District have averages below the state average (46% and 39%, respectively) but the Los Angeles Unified School District average is much higher than the state average at 79%.

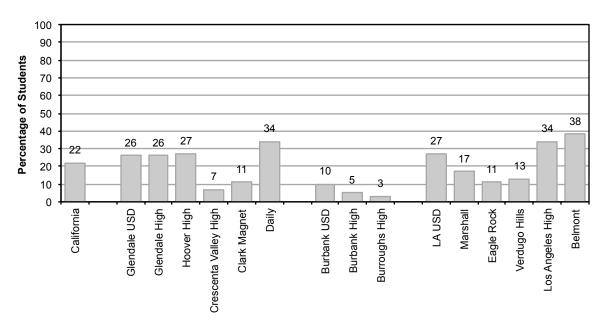
Figure 3.6. Percentage of Students Participating in Free or Reduced-Price Lunch Programs, 2011-2012



Data Source: California Department of Education

The next graph (on the next page) shows the percentage of K-12 students classified as English Learners by school. The average across California is 22%, and the Glendale district is slightly higher (26%) than this average. The Los Angeles district has a higher percentage of English Learners (27%), but for some schools, such as Belmont, the percentage is above 30%.

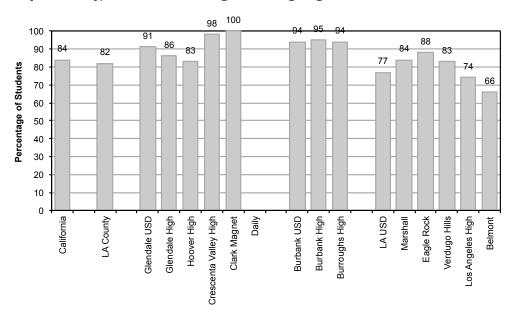
Figure 3.7. Percentage of Students Classified as English Learners, 2011-2012



Data Source: California Department of Education

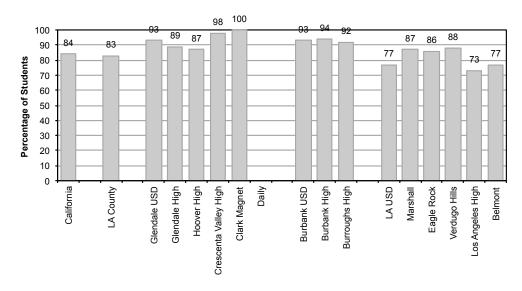
The next two graphs show the percentage of students passing the California High School Exit Examination (CAHSEE) in 2011-2012 during any administration of the test. In the Glendale Unified School District, Clark Magnet and Crescenta Valley High Schools have particularly high pass rates on both the English Language Arts test and the Mathematics test.

Figure 3.8. Percentage of Students Passing California High School Exit Examination (CAHSEE), 2011-2012: English Language Arts



Data Source: California Department of Education

Figure 3.9. Percentage of Students Passing California High School Exit Examination (CAHSEE), 2011-2012: Mathematics



Data Source: California Department of Education

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